

JLab experiment E12-09-016

Measurement of the Neutron Electromagnetic Form Factor Ratio G_{En}/G_{Mn} at High Q²

Preparation and SBS G_{En} run plan

Edited by T. Averett, G. Cates, and B. Wojtsekhowski, September 21, 2022

1 The second SBS run is focused on G_{En}. The G_{En} experiment aims to measure the electric
2 form factor of the neutron at large momentum transfer from 2.9 up to 9.7 (GeV/c)² with
3 relative precision of 10-20% or better.

4 This writeup provides a list of considerations for the experiment preparation and data
5 taking for:

6

- 7 • The beam line
- 8 • The He-3 target system
- 9 • HV controls
- 10 • AC power for the BigBite and SBS electronics
- 11 • Plans for the moves during beam time
- 12 • DAQ electronics and software
- 13 • Data analysis software
- 14 • DC power for the all magnets
- 15 • Signal and HV cable lines
- 16 • Gas supply and gas lines
- 17 • The HCal detector
- 18 • GEM chambers of BigBite
- 19 • The alarm control display
- 20 • BigBite instrumentation
- 21 • Safety documentation
- 22 • The experiment web page
- 23 • Experiment shifts and RCs

24 1 Manpower

25 The contact persons for the subsystems of the project are:

- 26 • Physics Division Liaison - S. Malace
- 27 • Hall A beam line - S. Malace & I. Skorodumina
- 28 • The He-3 target - G. Cates, A. Tadepalli, T. Averett
- 29 • The BB, SBS and beam line equipment - J. Butler
- 30 • The Moller polarimeter - D. Jones
- 31 • The DAQ bunkers - J. Segal
- 32 • The LeCroy HV crates controls - S. Wood & R. Michaels.
- 33 • The DAQ electronics and readout software - A. Camsonne & M. Jones
- 34 • The data analysis software - A. Puckett
- 35 • DC power for the spectrometers and SBS corrector magnets - J. Segal
- 36 • Gas supply for the GEM chambers and GRINCH - J. Segal
- 37 • HCAL detector - J. Poudel
- 38 • BigBite DAQ and calorimeter analysis - M. Jones
- 39 • BigBite GEM chambers - N. Liyanage & H. Szumila-Vance
- 40 • BigBite shower/preshower hardware&front-end - A. Tadepalli
- 41 • BigBite hodoscope - R. Montgomery
- 42 • BigBite Gas Cherenkov - T. Averett
- 43 • SBS GEM chambers - E. Cisbani & N. Liyanage
- 44 • SBS run group-2 polarized target safety - J.P. Chen
- 45 • SBS web page and shifts schedule - W. Tireman
- 46 • GEn run coordinators - D. Jones

47 There are a number of groups contributing in this project:

- 48 • Hall A/C technical and engineering groups

- 49 • Hall A/C spectrometer support group
- 50 • Hall A/C physics staff
- 51 • SBS collaboration and Hall A users
- 52 • GEn and WAPP-ALL spokespeople
- 53 • He-3 target experts
- 54 • Moller polarimeter experts

55 **2 Preparation list**

56 **The beam line components - S. Malace** The following beam line items (including
57 software) will be used in this experiment:

- 58 1. Beam position monitors
- 59 2. Beam charge monitors (the Unser monitor and BCMs)
- 60 3. Helicity gated BCM readout (with P. King)
- 61 4. HARPs (with I. Skorodumina)
- 62 5. Beam steering magnets (with I. Skorodumina)
- 63 6. Beam rastering magnets

64 **The He-3 target - G. Cates** The team includes T. Averett, JP. Chen, A. Tadepalli. The
65 target is located inside the double-wall magnetic box and will have the following items:

- 66 1. A He-3 filled polarized cell (20 mm diameter, 60 cm long)
- 67 2. A reference cell which will be filled with H₂ or N₂ during the run.
- 68 3. A carbon foil (0.125 mm) for optics (located in the middle).
- 69 4. Two foils with holes for beam position check
- 70 5. Eight carbon foils (0.125 mm) for optics (in 7.5 cm spacing along the beam).
- 71 6. A path for beam through open space.

72 **Magnetic field - A. Tadepalli**

- 73 1. Power supply for H coils and additional adjustment coils
- 74 2. Magnetic field measurement equipment (with V. Nelyubin and B. Wojtsekhowski)

75 **Laser power - J.P. Chen**

- 76 1. Laser in laser room and fiber system
- 77 2. Optics system at the target
- 78 3. Laser wave length control
- 79 4. Laser power monitor

80 **Target motion and heaters - E. Becker & A. Tadepalli**

- 81 1. Target lifter mechanism
- 82 2. Target high temperature oven
- 83 3. Target temperature monitors
- 84 4. Heater for gas convection
- 85 5. Cell window cooling jets

86 **Møller polarimeter - Donald Jones** The team includes E. King and F. Chahili. The
87 dry run need to be completed before 9/21 (test of all components including readout and
88 analysis). The Moller polarimeter measurement is needed for each of three kinematics in
89 GEN. A nominal 3% or better precision on the measured beam polarization is assumed. We
90 also assume that the full Møller measurement can be completed in one 8-hour shift with
91 the necessary precision. Complete checkout of the Moller hardware and DAQ need to be
92 performed before beam delivery.

93 **The HV controls - S. Wood & Bob Michaels** The experiment will use LeCroy and
94 CAEN HV power supply:

- 95 1. HCAL - LeCroy, two crates, negative 1461N
- 96 2. BigBite Shower - LeCroy, two crates, 27 modules, negative 1461N
- 97 3. BigBite GEMs. The configuration includes four UV-type, and one large UVa GEMs
- 98 4. SBS GEMs. The configuration includes two XY INFN GEMs and five XY UVa GEMs

- 99 5. BigBite Timing Hodoscope - CEAN HV crate
- 100 6. BigBite gas Cherenkov - GRINCH LeCroy, four modules, positive 1461P

101 **AC power for SBS electronics - Jack Segal** There will be several locations which
102 require AC power:

- 103 1. The main bunker with BigBite, HCAL relay racks, total 75 kW
- 104 2. The HCAL mezzanine, 10 kW
- 105 3. The HCAL DAQ in main bunker, 10 kW
- 106 4. The SBS GEM bunker, 10 kW
- 107 5. The BigBite front-end, 10 kW
- 108 6. The BigBite DAQ (weldment) in the main bunker, 10 kW
- 109 7. The BigBite GEM bunker, 10 kW

110 **Plan for the equipment moves prior to the beam time - Jessie Butler** There are
111 a number of big items to move. A time line and space allocation in Hall A are needed.

- 112 1. The SBS spectrometer per GEn run plan
- 113 2. The BigBite spectrometer per GEn run plan
- 114 3. The He-3 target
- 115 4. The beam line magnetic shielding for configuration 2 in four locations of BB and three
116 for SBS

117 **The DAQ electronics and software - A. Camsonne & M. Jones & R. Michaels**
118 The DAQ needs several powerful computers, very fast internet links, and a large number of
119 CPUs in VME. Specifically:

- 120 1. VME DAQ computers: ??
- 121 2. CPU: ??
- 122 3. Internet system: ??

123 The DAQ components will be located in three shielded bunkers:

- 124 1. The main DAQ bunker is located on the left side of Hall A in the large angle area.
125 This bunker will be used for most of the DAQ electronics and all HV supplies.

- 126 2. The small bunker near BigBite (on the large angle side) will be used for the VME
127 based GEM readout.
- 128 3. The midsize bunker on the large angle side of SBS for the VME based GEM readout
129 of a large tracker system.

130 The DAQ software needs to be developed and ready for readout for the following detectors:

- 131 1. The BigBite Shower, Hodoscope, GEM, GRINCH
132 2. The SBS HCAL
133 3. The SBS GEM

134 **The data analysis software - A. Puckett** Team includes R. Dotel. The analysis of
135 BigBite momentum will use the tracker and energy/PID using the shower and HCAL. The
136 software should also allow us to do the following:

- 137 1. On-line displays for coincidence data
138 2. Track-finding in BigBite.
139 3. Track momentum determination.
140 4. Optics of BigBite calibration.
141 5. Projecting q-vector to HCal (for neutron and proton).
142 6. BigBite Shower calibration, and HV settings optimization.
143 7. HCal cluster-finding with fADC and timing information.

144 The analysis of the proton energy and coordinates in HCAL includes the following:

- 145 1. HCAL cluster selection.
146 2. Amplitudes - energy coefficients using elastic protons.
147 3. Input for HV settings optimization.

148 WAPP-ALL will need a specialized track reconstruction for pion-proton events.

149 **DC power for the spectrometer magnets - Jack Segal** The SBS magnet considera-
150 tions are:

- 151 1. A 2.2 kA power supply with a remotely controllable polarity switch.
- 152 2. Some of the flat coils will not be connected for the GEn run.
- 153 3. Four power supply units for two dipole correctors with remote polarity flip.

154 The BigBite magnet considerations are:

- 155 1. A 0.75 kA power supply.
- 156 2. Central ray angle survey and calibration of all positions in advance
- 157 3. Magnet and detector angles measurement by collaboration (in addition).
- 158 4. Fast disconnection of all detectors prior to HCAL efficiency calibration.
- 159 5. Multiple changes of the spectrometer angle and distance from the target.

160 There will be multiple lines for HV and signals cables between front-end and the DAQ
161 bunker.

- 162 1. Cable trays and movable carts
- 163 2. 13 multi wire HV cables (75-meters 0.5" diameter) and 4 RG59 HV lines to HCAL.
- 164 3. 600 100-meter long RG58 signal lines between HCAL and DAQ.
- 165 4. A fast and short cable line for the trigger signal from HCAL.
- 166 5. 243 RG59 HV lines to the BigBite shower.
- 167 6. 4 multi (48 each) wire HV cables for BigBite timing hodoscope.
- 168 7. 4 multi (24 each) wire HV cables for BigBite Cherenkov counter.
- 169 8. 16 RG59 HV lines for GEM chambers.

170 There will be multiple ethernet lines from the main bunker to BigBite and HCAL

- 171 1. 23 optical fibers for GEM MPDs to the front-end bunkers

172 **Gas supply for GEM chambers - Jack Segal** The system of gas mixing and dis-
173 tribution is under design/construction by DSG. The team includes Marc McMullen and
174 H. Szumila-Vance There will also be a large number of long 0.25” diameter gas lines for the
175 GEM chambers:

- 176 1. To the BigBite a total of 16 pipes.
- 177 2. To the SBS a total of 46 pipes.

178 **HCAL detector - Jiwon Poudel** The team includes S. Seeds and R. Dotel. The HCAL
179 considerations are:

- 180 1. The 288-channel detector includes four segments stacked one above another.
- 181 2. For the cosmic trigger, two scintillator counters will be placed above the HCAL.
- 182 3. Clean air flow will be provided to each HV base to push out the He contamination.
- 183 4. The detector mounted on the platform which can be moved within the steel floor area.
- 184 5. The front-end electronics located in three relay racks on the mezzanine behind HCAL.
- 185 6. The LED pulser system will be used for a fast check of the detector operation. Slow
186 control of LED was developed by CMU group.
- 187 7. The DAQ electronics and HV supply are located in the DAQ bunker.
- 188 8. The HV and signal lines will be in movable cable tray carts.

189 **Shower detector of BigBite - A. Tadepalli** The team includes P. Datta. The shower
190 considerations are:

- 191 1. The 244 channel lead-glass calorimeter
- 192 2. Shower electronics in the front-end relay racks
- 193 3. The HV crates in DAQ weldment
- 194 4. Two sets of long cables for the signals and HV.
- 195 5. The two-layer detector provides a trigger signal to DAQ and off-line PID.
- 196 6. The shower center location serves as a key element of the track search.
- 197 7. Calibration of the blocks will start with cosmic rays and will be finalized with elastic
198 electron scattering from a proton with the recoil proton detected in HCAL.

199 **Timing hodoscope detector of BigBite - R. Montgomery** The team includes R. Mari-
200 naro. The hodoscope considerations are:

- 201 1. The highly segmented hodoscope provides a precision timing for the TOF measurement
- 202 2. The 2x2x60 cm paddles are viewed by two PMTs
- 203 3. The front-end NINO cards with low threshold of 2 mV
- 204 4. The level translators are between front-end and DAQ
- 205 5. The VME based TDC with 50?? ps time resolution

206 **GRINCH detector of BigBite - T. Averett** The team member is C. Gayoso and
207 M. Satnik.

208 The gas Cherenkov counter considerations are:

- 209 1. The 510 PMT array
- 210 2. The HV distribution and cabling to LeCroy supply located in BigBite DAQ weldment
- 211 3. The front-end NINO cards with LV power
- 212 4. The level translators are between front-end and DAQ
- 213 5. The VME based electronics for the signal time measurement
- 214 6. The VME based ADC for PMT gain measurement.

215 **The GEM chambers of BigBite - H. Szumila-Vance and N. Liyanage** The team
216 includes Xinzhan Bai, A. Rathnayake and S. Jeffas.

217 The UVa GEM considerations are:

- 218 1. The U/V strip orientation in a single module of 40 cm by 150 cm
- 219 2. A large UVa chamber of four modules (each 60 cm by 50 cm)
- 220 3. The gas distribution for all GEM chambers of BigBite
- 221 4. The VME readout for all GEM chambers

222 **The GEM chambers of SBS - H. Szumila-Vance and N. Liyanage** The team
223 includes Xinzhan Bai, A. Rathnayake, E. Wertz, J. Boyd

224 The GEM considerations are:

- 225 1. Two INFN chambers with X/Y strip orientation in the three modules each of 40 cm
226 by 50 cm
- 227 2. A large UVa chamber of four modules (each 60 cm by 50 cm)
- 228 3. The gas distribution for all GEM chambers of SBS
- 229 4. The VME readout for all GEM chambers

230 **Electronics and DAQ software of BigBite - Mark Jones and Alex Camsonne** The
231 team includes J. Poudel.

- 232 1. The DAQ weldment with VME and DAQ computers
- 233 2. Software for readout of all detectors and on-line analysis
- 234 3. Software for Shower, GRINCH, Hodoscope, GEMs
- 235 4. Calibration of the detector package on cosmic rays
- 236 5. Calibration of the spectrometer tracking and optics
- 237 6. Coincidence event displays

238 **BigBite spectrometer - Mark Jones and B. Wojtsekhowski** The team includes the
239 following persons:

240 A. Tadepalli (for the Shower array), T. Averett & C. Gayoso (for the Gas Cherenkov
241 counter), R. Montgomery (for the Timing hodoscope), N. Liyanage & H. Szumila-Vance (for
242 the GEM chambers), and A. Puckett (for DAQ analysis software).

243 The BigBite considerations are:

- 244 1. BigBite dipole magnet (max current is 700 A).
- 245 2. BigBite sieve slit for optics calibration.
- 246 3. The 243-block two-layer shower calorimeter.
- 247 4. Five planes of the GEM chambers.
- 248 5. The 510-channel gas Cherenkov counter.
- 249 6. A relay rack for a set of LVDS-to-ECL convertors located 80 feet from the detector.

- 250 7. Front end electronics located at the detector and two relay racks.
251 8. The DAQ weldment located in the main DAQ bunker.
252 9. The GEM electronics in the local shielded bunker.

253 **3 Run Plan**

254 **3.1 Pre-beam commissioning - B. Wojtsekhowski**

255 The team includes the contact person subsystems.

256 For timely realization of the run plan, every item of the experiment (presented in this
257 document) needs to be planned, fully tested and calibrated with pulsers and cosmic rays.
258 The results of the tests need to be shown using the event displays and scaler display. The
259 experiment will have daily RC (or PIs) meetings starting one week prior to beam start.

260 Run coordination proper will start Wednesday Sept 21 five days before scheduled hall
261 lock down on Sept 26. There will be a regular daily meeting as deemed necessary beginning
262 on the 21st. Calendar links to the meeting agendas are on the wiki https://sbs.jlab.org/wiki/index.php/Daily_Meetings#RC_Meetings. Meeting connection information is
263 provided below.
264

265 Time: Daily at 3:00pm

266 Location: Counting house conference room and virtual

267
268 Join ZoomGov Meeting

269 <https://jlab-org.zoomgov.com/j/1619032184?pwd=aWhTVWxya1ZZQzA1K2ZPSTd2ZXZ2QT09>

270 Meeting ID: 161 903 2184

271 Passcode: 260715

272 Dial by your location +1 669 254 5252 US (San Jose)

273 +1 646 828 7666 US (New York)

274 +1 551 285 1373 US

275 +1 669 216 1590 US (San Jose)

276 833 568 8864 US Toll-free

277 Find your local number: <https://jlab-org.zoomgov.com/u/acj3pTicMx>

279 **3.2 Time table of the run**

280 The contact person is B. Wojtsekhowski. The table 1 below provides a summary of the time
281 allocation detailed in specialized sections. Total time is 135 days (including the beam tune
282 and reconfigurations) which accounts for 0.5 efficiency and available beam current and beam
283 polarization value.
284

step #	task	Q^2 GeV ²	$\theta_{BB} / \theta_{SBS}$ degrees	SBS field	Time hours	Work time
1a see table 2	beam line		47.5 / 34.7	as needed	24=3x8	
1b see table 3	BigBite	1.7	47.5 / 34.7	100%	24=3x8	
1c see table 4	HCAL	1.7	47.5 / 34.7	0-100%	24=3x8	
1d see table 5	H(e,e'p)	1.7	47.5 / 34.7	0-100%	172	
1e per Moller plan	Moller test	-	47.5 / 34.7	0	8	
2a energy change to 4.2 GeV	beam			100%	16	
2b move BB only	spectr-s		29.5 / 34.7	100%	8	8
2c see table 6	production	2.9	29.5 / 34.7	100%	192+12	
3a energy change to 6.3 GeV	beam			100%	16	
3b move BB&SBS&HCAL	spectr-s		35.9 / 22.1	100%	32	16
3c see table 7	production	6.6	35.9 / 22.1	100%	720	
4a energy change to 8.4 GeV	beam			100%	16	
4b move BB&SBS&HCAL	spectr-s		35.0 / 18.0	100%	32	16
4b see table 8	production	9.7	35.0 / 18.0	100%	1944	
Beam in Hall					3168	
Re-configuration					132 days	
					72	
					3 days	
Total					3240	
					135 days	

Table 1: The time table of the GEn run.

285 3.3 Commissioning of the beam line

286 The contact person is S. Malace. The dry run need to be completed before 9/21 (test of all
 287 components including readout and analysis). The total allocated time for this work is 24
 288 hours in three 8 hour periods. We will do the following:

- 289 • With BigBite and all SBS magnets currents set to zero, deliver a pulsed beam to the
 290 beam dump.
- 291 • Obtain BPM information and perform HARP scans for BPM calibration.
- 292 • Test rastered beam operation and test BPM readout with CODA.
- 293 • Send CW beam and increase the current to 60 μ A.
- 294 • In the pulsed beam mode, check impact of the BigBite magnet current (700 A) on the
 295 beam position at the dump.
- 296 • In the pulsed beam mode, ramp up SBS correctors with SBS current increased up to
 297 2100 A.
- 298 • Send CW beam, increase the current to 60 μ A and calibrate ion-chamber readings.
- 299 • Put the ladder to C-holes position and perform a scan of beam position in X and Y
 300 (with the raster OFF) using the BB trigger with lowest threshold. Use the BB rate
 301 on a scaler with EPIC. Adjust vertical target position if needed to have it centered in
 302 the Carbon target hole. Set the raster ON (2 mm diameter), collect the data - rate
 303 vs. x/y in new SPOT++. Repeat with raster ON (6 mm diameter) - observe the hole
 304 and the ring in SPOT++.

item	Beam	Target	Beam	Time	BB angl/dist.	SBS angl/dist.	BB/SBS	HCAL
#	GeV		μ A	hour	deg. / meter	deg. / meter	Currents	dist. m
1	2.1	empty, C-hole	1-60	8	47.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	as needed	17
2	2.1	empty, C-hole	1-60	8	47.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	as needed	17
3	2.1	empty, C-hole	1-60	8	47.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	700/2100	17

Table 2: The beam time and other parameters of the beam line commissioning. Total allocated time is of 24 hours.

3.4 Commissioning of the BigBite

The contact persons are B. Wojtsekhowski & Mark Jones. The dry run need to be completed before 9/21 (test of all components including readout and analysis). The total allocated time is of 24 hours in three intervals each of 8 hours. The following is the plan:

- Magnet positions as for 1.7 GeV² kinematics (47.5 deg, 1.63 m from the pivot), see 1a in table 1.
- Beam is 2.1 GeV (one-pass), current is 1 μ A.
- Target at a single C foil (located just below He-3 cell).
- BigBite magnet current set 700 A.
- HV is ON for all detectors per cosmic calibration and GMn results.
- Measure the shower detector trigger rate. Expected of 3-10 Hz.
- Increase beam current to 60 μ A for 1000 Hz trigger rate from electrons.
- Collected data with the Shower signals as a trigger.
- Collect data with GEM information for parallel studies.
- Use event display for raw data with large shower signal.
- Replay GEM data for track search correlated to the shower cluster.
- Plot shower/pre-shower correlation, select electrons.
- Calculate momentum for selected electrons.
- Calculate shower blocks coefficients and HV corrections.
- Repeat shower study and equalize coefficients with optimum HV set.
- Collect 1M events GEM calibration.
- Find GEM efficiency and coordinate resolution for all planes vs. coordinates.
- Set the SBS magnet at 100% (2100 A).
- Collect 1M events. Find coincidence quasi-elastic events.
- Calculate change of BigBite Shower PMTs gain change.
- Put the target at a multi foil position (below the foils with the hole).
- Collect 1M events for optics analysis. Expected rate is 5000 Hz.

- 332 • Insert a sieve slit, collect 1M events in BB.
- 333 • Put the target at a reference cell filled with H2 at 10 atm. The target has 30 mg/cm².
- 334 • Remove the sieve slit. Prepare DAQ with coincidence trigger.
- 335 • Collect 1M events. Expected rate is 500 Hz.
- 336 • GRINCH data analysis in parallel, HV tune, data display, PID vs Shower.

item	Beam	Target	Beam	Time	BB angl/dist.	SBS angl/dist.	BB/SBS	HCAL
#	GeV		μ A	hour	deg. / meter	deg. / meter	Currents	dist. m
1	2.1	C-foils, ref. cell	1-60	8	47.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	as needed	17
2	2.1	C-foils, ref. cell	1-60	8	47.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	as needed	17
3	2.1	C-foils, ref. cell	1-60	8	47.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	700/2100	17

Table 3: The beam time and other parameters of the BB commissioning. Total allocated time is of 24 hours.

337 3.5 Commissioning of the SBS-HCAL

338 The contact person is Jiwan Poudel. The dry run need to be completed before 9/21 (test of
 339 all components including readout and analysis). The total allocated time is three intervals
 340 each of 8 hours.

341 The following is a plan:

- 342 • SBS magnet current set to zero.
- 343 • BigBite sieve slit is removed.
- 344 • Target is reference cell filled with hydrogen.
- 345 • HCAL at 17 m from the target.
- 346 • DAQ trigger is the BigBite shower.
- 347 • HCAL HV is ON per cosmic calibration.
- 348 • Increase the beam current to get 500 Hz BigBite trigger rate.
- 349 • Collect 10M events for HCAL study.
- 350 • Use event display to see correlated electron-proton.

- 351 • Apply angular correlation to observe and select clean elastic events.
- 352 • Calculate HCAL blocks gain coefficients, find corrections for HV.
- 353 • Repeat HCAL study with optimum HV set to the level of 5% or better.
- 354 • Set the SBS magnet at 2100 A.
- 355 • Readjust BigBite Shower HV setting using clean e-p events.
- 356 • Collect 1M events for proton deflection with SBS magnet OFF and ON.
- 357 • Calculate elastic proton deflection angles in a grid over SBS acceptance.
- 358 • Collect 1M “e-p” events with coincidence BigBite+SBS trigger.

item	Beam	Target	Beam	Time	BB angl/dist.	SBS angl/dist.	BB/SBS	HCAL
#	GeV		μA	hour	deg. / meter	deg. / meter	Currents	dist. m
1	2.1	reference cell	1-60	8	47.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	as needed	17
2	2.1	reference cell	1-60	8	47.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	as needed	17
3	2.1	reference cell	1-60	8	47.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	700/2100	17

Table 4: The beam time and other parameters of the HCAL commissioning. Total allocated time is of 24 hours.

359 3.6 Commissioning of the coincidence regime

360 The contact persons are M. Jones & J. Poudel. The dry run need to be completed before
 361 9/21 (test of all components including readout and analysis). The total allocated time is 180
 362 hours. The following is a plan:

- 363 • SBS magnet current set to 2100 A.
- 364 • BigBite sieve slit is removed.
- 365 • Target is a reference cell filled with hydrogen.
- 366 • HCAL at 17 m from the target.
- 367 • HCAL HV is ON per prior calibration.
- 368 • Beam current set to give 1 kHz BigBite+HCAL trigger rate.
- 369 • Collect “e-p” events with clean BigBite+SBS trigger.

- 370 • Beam current set to give 1 kHz BigBite+HCAL trigger rate.
- 371 • Collect “e-N” events with clean BigBite+SBS trigger.
- 372 • Target is a reference cell filled with nitrogen.
- 373 • Beam current set to give 1 kHz BigBite+HCAL trigger rate.
- 374 • Collect “e-N” events with clean BigBite+SBS trigger.

item	Beam	Target	Beam	Time	BB angl/dist.	SBS angl/dist.	BB/SBS	HCAL
#	GeV		μA	hour	deg. / meter	deg. / meter	Currents	dist. m
1	2.1	reference cell	1-60	72	47.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	as needed	17

Table 5: The beam time and other parameters of the elastic regime commissioning. Total allocated time is 180 hours.

375 3.7 GEn production parameters for 2.9 GeV² kinematics

376 The total allocated time is 228 hours. The contact person is T. Averett.

377 The following is a plan:

- 378 • Beam energy is 4.2 GeV.
- 379 • Have SBS at 34.7 deg and 2.80 m from the pivot.
- 380 • Set the SBS magnet current at 2100 A.
- 381 • Have BigBite at 29.5 deg and 1.63 m from the pivot.
- 382 • Set the BigBite magnet current at 700 A.
- 383 • Measure the beam polarization.
- 384 • The target is polarized He-3 and H2 filled reference cell.
- 385 • HCal at 17 meters.
- 386 • Get beam current according to the table 6.
- 387 • Set raster size 2mm diameter.
- 388 • Set DAQ trigger from the BigBite+SBS, others pre-scaled for 10% or total rate
- 389 • Take the data according to the table 6 with the pol. cell replacement as needed.

item	Q^2	Beam	Target	Beam	Time	BB angle/dist.	SBS angle/dist.	SBS	HCAL
#	GeV ²	GeV		μ A	hour	deg. / meter	deg. / meter	Bdl T-m	dist. m
1	2.9	4.2	He-3	60	156	29.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	1.58	17
2	2.9	4.2	C-foils	1-60	8	29.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	1.58	17
3	-	4.2	Moller	1	8	35.0 / 1.63	18.0 / 2.80	1.58	17
4	2.9	4.2	H2	60	12	29.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	1.58	17
5	2.9	4.2	C+sieve	1-60	8	29.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	1.58	17
6	2.9	4.2	H2+sieve	1-60	12	29.5 / 1.63	34.7 / 2.80	1.58	17

Table 6: The beam time and other parameters of the 2.9 GeV² run. Total 204 hours of the beam on target. Total allocated time is of 228 hours.

390 3.8 GEn production parameters for 6.6 GeV² kinematics

391 The total allocated time is 768 hours. The contact person is G. Cates.

392 The following is a plan:

- 393 • Beam energy is 6.3 GeV.
- 394 • Have SBS at 22.1 deg and 2.80 m from the pivot.
- 395 • Set the SBS magnet current at 1575 A.
- 396 • Have BigBite at 35.9 deg and 1.63 m from the pivot.
- 397 • Set the BigBite magnet current at 700 A.
- 398 • Measure the beam polarization.
- 399 • The target is polarized He-3 and H2 filled reference cell.
- 400 • HCal at 17 meters.
- 401 • Get beam current according to the table 7.
- 402 • Set raster size 2mm diameter.
- 403 • Set DAQ trigger from the BigBite+SBS, others pre-scaled for 10% or total rate
- 404 • Take the data according to the table 7 with the pol. cell replacement as needed.

item	Q^2	Beam	Target	Beam	Time	BB angle/dist.	SBS angle/dist.	SBS	HCAL
#	GeV ²	GeV		μ A	hour	deg. / meter	deg. / meter	Bdl T-m	dist. m
1	6.6	6.3	He-3	60	664	35.9 / 1.63	22.1 / 2.80	1.58	17
2	6.6	6.3	C-foils	1-60	8 x 2	35.9 / 1.63	22.1 / 2.80	1.58	17
3	6.6	6.3	H2	60	12 x 2	35.9 / 1.63	22.1 / 2.80	1.58	17
4	-	6.3	Moller	1	8	35.9 / 1.63	22.1 / 2.80	1.58	17
5	6.6	6.3	N2	20	8	35.9 / 1.63	22.1 / 2.80	1.58	17

Table 7: The beam time and other parameters of the 6.6 GeV² run. Total 720 hours of the beam on target. Total allocated time is of 768 hours.

405 3.9 GEn production parameters for 9.7 GeV² kinematics

406 The total allocated time is 768 hours. The contact person is B. Wojtsekhowski.

407 The following is a plan:

- 408 • Beam energy is 8.4 GeV.
- 409 • Have SBS at 18.0 deg and 2.80 m from the pivot.
- 410 • Set the SBS magnet current at 2100 A.
- 411 • Have BigBite at 35.0 deg and 1.63 m from the pivot.
- 412 • Set the BigBite magnet current at 700 A.
- 413 • Measure the beam polarization.
- 414 • The target is polarized He-3 and H2 filled reference cell.
- 415 • HCal at 17 meters.
- 416 • Get beam current according to the table 7.
- 417 • Set raster size 2mm diameter.
- 418 • Set DAQ trigger from the BigBite+SBS, others pre-scaled for 10% or total rate
- 419 • Take the data according to the table 8 with the pol. cell replacement as needed.

item	Q^2	Beam	Target	Beam	Time	BB angle/dist.	SBS angle/dist.	SBS	HCAL
#	GeV ²	GeV		μA	hour	deg. / meter	deg. / meter	Bdl T-m	dist. m
1	9.7	8.4	He-3	45	1848	35.0 / 1.63	18.0 / 2.80	1.58	17
2	9.7	8.4	C-foils	up to 45	16 x 2	35.0 / 1.63	18.0 / 2.80	1.58	17
3	9.7	8.4	H2	45	24 x 2	35.0 / 1.63	18.0 / 2.80	1.58	17
4	-	8.4	Moller	1	8 x 2	35.0 / 1.63	18.0 / 2.80	1.58	17

Table 8: The beam time and other parameters of the 9.7 GeV² run. Total 1944 hours of the beam on target. Total allocated time is of 1992 hours.